

Perspectives on destination recovery and resilience

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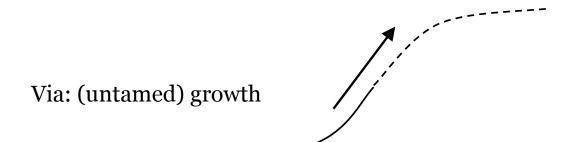


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# Tourism destination development today

To: responsible & resilient destinations



From: destination discovery

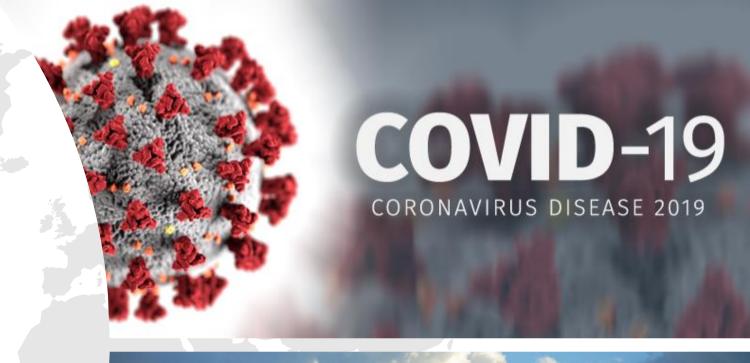


Caution: complexity ahead!

Multi-actor, multi-level, multi-domain, multi-goals, multi-options



CoVid-19: challenges for global tourism

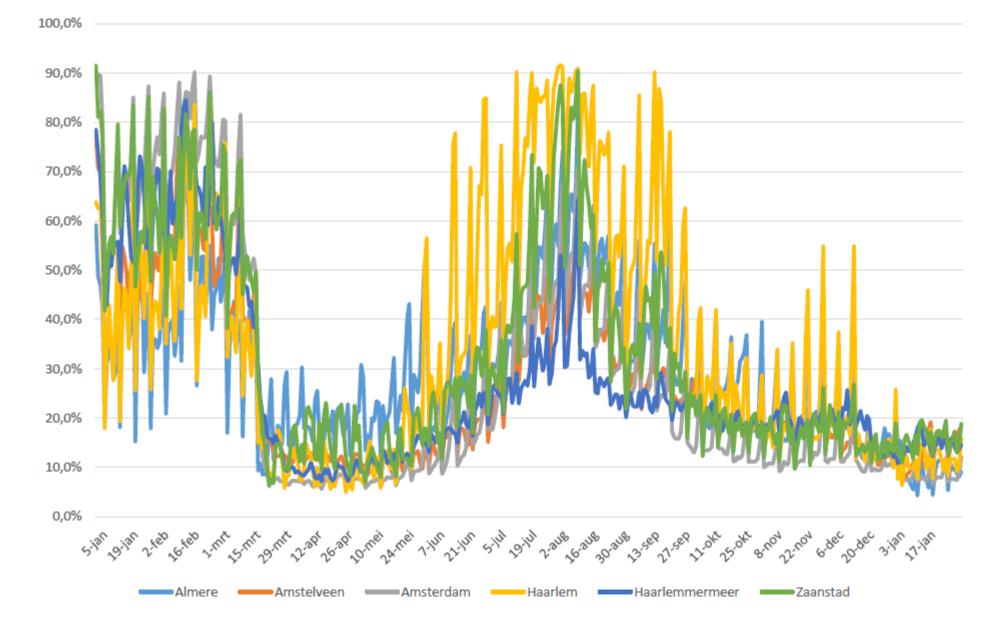






# Hotel occupancy rates Amsterdam

(source: Amsterdam & Partners)





# Four scenarios for tourism in 2025 – post COVID-19

### Business as usual - Continued growth

Fast recovery - return to mass tourism Flourishing visitor economy Unrestrained behaviour Overtourism with heavy social and ecological pressure

# Jitizen/consumer

### Survival of the fittest – Collapse

International travel is luxury product, most stay nearby Many bankruptcies, take-overs, nationalisation Fierce competition on price Nature and environment exploited to serve tourism

### Crisis

# Long & deep

# Short & shallow

### **Responsible tourism – Tranformation**

Sustainable tourism, mainly domestic/nearby Investments in quality, local concepts, local pearls, Responsible holiday behaviour, high spending 'to do good' Well informed about potential adverse impacts

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### **Business as unusual – Transition**

Tourism reinvented, accessible to everyone Creativity, innovation, high tech, new concepts & business models Small, local/regional, cooperatives, sharing, quadr. helix Purposeful, value driven, respect for man and nature

# Strategic challenge

"Bounce back"

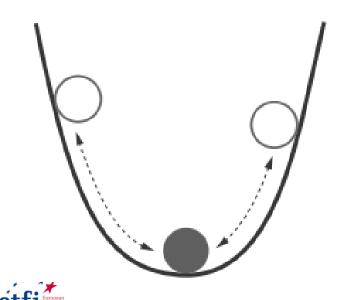
"Recovery"

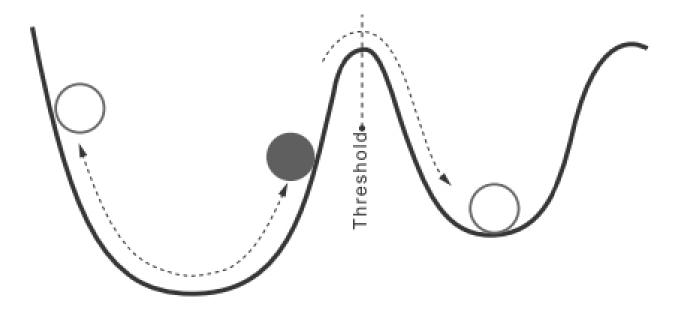
"Business as usual"

"Bounce forward"

versus "Re-set"

"Business as un-usual"







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# Response to the strategic challenge: Destination Stewardship

a more socially and environmentally conscious approach towards destination governance

### **Destination stewardship defined**

Destination stewardship implies an approach to destination governance that:

- Seeks to balance and meet the economic, environmental and social/cultural needs of the destination (businesses, residents)
- Operates within a legitimate governance model with active participation from public, private and community sectors











# **Destination Stewardship**

# Triggers and barriers

### 10 triggers of Destination Stewardship

- 1. Tourism growth
- 2. Global sustainability requirements
- 3. Evolving visitor economy
- 4. Shifting definitions of success
- 5. Government interest in tourism governance
- 6. Placemaking
- 7. Smart tourism
- 8. Enabling technologies
- 9. The need for increased tourism resilience
- 10. Rising call for social inclusion



- 1. Tourism is fragmented
- 2. No mandate for destination stewardship
- 3. Clash of cultures and agendas
- 4. Lack of knowledge and data











# The benefits of a Destination Stewardship Approach

### **Benefits for the Private sector**

- Compete on a level playing field
- Receive government support for action
- Connect with destination needs (CSR)
- 'Coopetition' with other businesses
- Protected products and investments
- Access to new, innovative products
- Positive community relations
- Less/more efficient regulation
- More resilient supply chains

### **Benefits for the Public sector**

- A mandate for destination management
- Shared resources/accountability
- Positive community relations
- Private sector commitment to changes
- Backing for investment in new infrastructures
- Successful diversification of products
- A more resilient visitor economy

### **Community benefits**

- Strong/leading voice in development processes
- Quality of life
- Diverse amenities
- Thriving economy

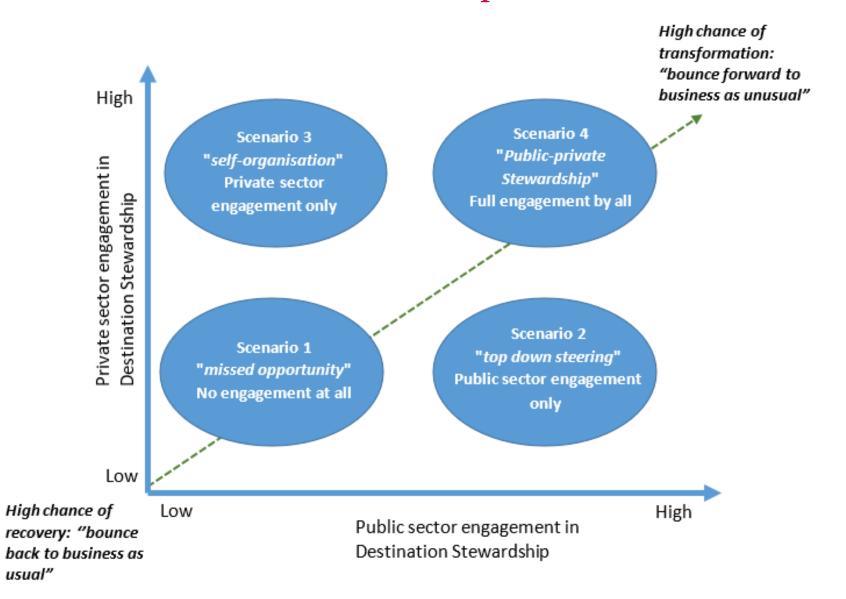








## Destination Stewardship Framework



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Effective governance models are needed to translate this engagement into

# Destination Stewardship Governance Diagnostic Tool

Optimizing destination governance through collaborative thinking

	Aspects of Governance						
	Strategic vision: focus/scope	Implementation: policy, plans, projects	Form of collaboration	Resource mobilization	Influence	Legitimacy	Data and knowledge
Public Sector (prompt: vertical and horizontal, intra and inter, cross dept/portfolios)							
Private Sector (prompt: direct and indirect tourism, supply chain, investors, SMEs)							
Third Sector and Community (prompt: representative groups, direct resident engagement, special interest groups)							







# Destination Stewardship – Building back better

## "Key takeaways"

### Understanding and addressing fundamental issues that prevent better co-management is vital

- Integration
  - Vertical integration cross-border, national, regional, local
  - Horizontal integration representatives of various public policy domains
  - Cross-sectoral integration representatives of selected sectors
  - Public-private collaboration
  - Public-private-community collaboration
- Engagement in shaping and leading on the destination's priority issues, in line with the triple bottom line of sustainability
- Developing shared understanding of the common good
- Creating shared objectives and measurement of success
- Developing effective platforms for collaboration
- Clearly defined and assigned roles and responsibilities
- Mechanisms to ensure transparency and accountability









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